



Tense		Subject	Verb	Object / *Agent
Simple Present	Active:	The police	arrests	Rosa Parks.
	Passive:	Rosa Parks	is <u>arrested</u>	*by the police.
Simple Past	Active:	The police	arrested	Rosa Parks.
	Passive:	Rosa Parks	was <u>arrested</u>	*by the police.
Present Perfect	Active:	The police	has arrested	Rosa Parks.
	Passive:	Rosa Parks	has been <u>arrested</u>	*by the police.
Future I	Active:	The police	will arrest	Rosa Parks.
	Passive:	Rosa Parks	will be <u>arrested</u>	*by the police.

Comment on each frame using a passive verb form.

- 1- chain / force to / beat up / for free / consider as / sell / buy / chattel (bétail)
- 2- burn / attack / persecute / crosses
- 3- separate / discriminate against / consider as second class citizen / deny the right to + BV
- 4- arrest / bite / hunt / deny the right to a fair trial (sans le droit de comparaître devant la justice)
- 5- hang / lynch

Complete with the correct passive voice verb forms.

In 1955, Rosa Parks (ask) ...was asked... to give her seat to a white man. She (arrest) in a bus in Montgomery, Alabama. A bus boycott (organize) by Martin Luther King in protest for her arrest. Black people (forbid) to sit at the front of buses. Segregation (end) in buses thanks to the boycott. Segregation (condemn)by most people during the last 50 years. Today, black people and white people (consider) equal. Barack Obama (elect) president twice. Martin Luther King (remember)every year in January. Yet in 2012 Trayvon Martin (shoot) by a white-skinned community guard in Florida and in August 2015 Michael Brown (murder) by Darren wilson a white police officer who (indict) by the Grand Jury. That's why racial tensions deeply (root) in American mentalities.



Read the text and complete with appropriate vocabulary & verbs.

Martin Luther King, Jr. black and white Americans to live happily together. On the third Monday in January every year, many Americans this hero.

Dr Martin Luther King, Jr. a black pastor. He in Atlanta, Georgia on 15th January, 1929. He was the leader of the Civil movement

demanding for Black people. Many states in the U.S.A., like Georgia, were in the 1950s : black children couldn't go to the schools as whites; Blacks and Whites were not to sit in the same bus seats, theatres or use the same public toilets. King believed that was

In December 1955, Rosa Parks, a Black woman, was on a bus in Alabama. A white man demanded her and she refused to up. She arrested. King, who working in Montgomery, a black protest. For a year, black people to use the buses. Finally, segregation on the buses was declared illegal. In fact all segregation in Alabama was !

That's how Dr King famous and he continued with many other He wanted Black and White people to have the same rights. Some white people him, but many opposed him. His house was But King, like Gandhi, refused In 1964, he received the Nobel Prize.

King was an excellent His speeches were famous and convinced many people, including President Kennedy, that he was But he continued to have enemies and on April 4th, 1968, he was Ironically, the death of this non-violent man provoked all over America.

Adapted From " Easy Speakeasy " (January 1999)