



STEP 1 - Focus on KEY FACTS and Identify a GRAMMAR POINT with your team!

Be able to understand a story in the past.

De unic to understand a story in the pe		
A- Highlight key facts in your text corresponding	to Wh-questions.	
?	_ ?	
	?	
B- Select the corresponding title. Add the title in t	the box .	
Childhood / Unequal girls / A free prisoner / Ed Church and slavery / Reward! / The Escape	litor's note / Away and Free at last! / The	
C- Be ready to report your findings to your new to	eam.	
D- <u>Underline</u> 4 Past verbs.		
E- Try to classify your verbs and add the corresponding time phrases. (Some blanks can be empty! ;)		
Preterit Aka Simple Past	Time Markers & Phrases	

Preterit Aka. Simple Past	Time Markers & Phrases
"Ran away from"	" <u>as</u> a young woman"
•	•
Preterit +ing Aka.Continuous Past •	•
Passive Voice	•





STEP 2 - FOCUS ON PAST TENSES with your new team! Be able to tell a story in the past using the correct verb tenses and time markers.

BETT	1

- A- <u>Tell</u> about you extract's **key facts**.
- B- Reorder the story. Add numbers in the circles.
- **C-** Get ready to <u>present</u> Harriet's life story. (1 student = 1 time marker + 1 event) **Use** "FIRST - THEN - AFTER THAT - AS A RESULT - LATER ON -

1/4	THAT'S WHY - IN THE END - SO"
	D- <u>Complete</u> the grammar rules and add examples :
	-ed - stay - completed - DIDx2 - learn - irregular
verbs e	• ;) We use the Preterit aka. Simple Past to tell about
Ex.	;)
	e ask simple past questions and create negative sentences with the auxiliary:
	^°^ What did she <u>do</u> ? She didn't <u></u> in the South. °+° What <u>happened</u> ? She <u>left</u> .
?	Time markers can include : in + date. ;
	happening - were - working - heard - WAS - auxiliary
	We use the Preterit +ing aka. Continuous Past to tell about actions in the process of
	in the Past . Ex. She was <u>sleeping</u> when she a noise.
	• ^°^ We ask Preterit +ing questions and create negative sentences with the
	Ex. ^°^ She wasn't in the cotton fields in the South as the abolitionists trying to rescue her.
?	Time markers can include:;
	Passive - rescued - were - victim - was - beaten
	• *°!°* When we use the
	BE (> IS sg. / ARE pl. (present) //sg. /pl. (past)) + Past Participle of lexical verb. (**3rd column if irregular).
	Ex. *°!°* She was never



STEP 3 - Be able to understand a personal story set in the past.

Listen to James Green's story. Find out who he is / where he lived and what happened on the unluckiest day of his life.



STEP 4 - Be able to write a convincing letter using past tenses and time markers.

Harriet decides to write a letter to James Green to convince him to escape to the North. She explains how her situation in the North has changed from what she experienced in the South. She convinces him to hide at her grandmother's shed even if it's small and dirty. She describes her rescue plan mentioning Sally, her grandmother and the sailor.

Write Harriet's letter using **preterit** and **passive voice forms**, **feelings** and **action** verbs and **time markers**. **150 words**.



FINAL STEP - Be able to react to a personal story set in the past, express feelings and ask past questions.

You are James Green. **Reply** to Harriet's letter. **Tell** her about your situation and **why** you are **scared** to escape. **Ask** her **5 questions in the past**. *(150*

words)

Harriet Jacob's Incident in the Life of a Slave Girl, 1861.

Reading Comprehension / Groupwork



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